

SECTION-5 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

GENERAL TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1.0 General:

All measurements shall be made in the metric system. Different items of work shall be measured in accordance with the procedures set forth in the relevant sections read in conjunction with General Conditions of Contract. The same shall not however apply in the case of lump-sum items. All measurements and computations unless otherwise indicated shall be carried nearest to the following limits :

- (i) length and breadth..... 10 mm
 - (ii) height, depth or thickness of earthwork, sub-base, bases, surfacing, and structural members5 mm
 - (iii) areas,0.01 Sq Metre
 - (iv) cubic contents..... 0.01 cubic metre.
- in recording dimensions of work the sequence of length, width and height or depth or thickness shall be followed.

2.0 Measurement of lead for Materials:

Where lead is specified in the contract for construction materials, the same shall be measured as described hereunder.

Lead shall be measured over the shortest practicable route and not the one actually taken and the decision of the Engineer-in-charge in this regard shall be taken as final. Distance upto and including 100 meters shall be measured in units of 50 metres, exceeding 100 metres but not exceeding 1 KM. in units of 100 metres and exceeding 1 km. in units of 500 metres. The half and greater than half of the units shall be reckoned as one and less than half of the units ignored. In this regard, the source of the material shall be divided into suitable blocks and for each block the distance from the centre of the block to the centre of placing pertaining to that block shall be taken as the lead distance.

3. Surface Regularity of Sub grade & Pavement Courses :

The surface regularity of completed sub-base courses and wearing surfaces in the longitudinal and transverse directions shall be within the tolerances indicated in Table below. The longitudinal profile shall be checked with a 3 metre long straight edge, at the middle of each traffic lane along a line parallel to the centre line of the road. The transverse profile shall be checked with a set of three camber boards at intervals of 10 metres.

PERMITTED TOLERANCES OF SURFACE REGULARITY FOR PAVEMENT COURSES

Sr. No	Type of Construction	Longitudinal Profile with 3 metre straight edge					Cross Profile
		Maximum Permissible undulation in mm	Maximum number of undulation permitted in any 300m. length exceeding in mm.				Maximum permissible variation from specified profile camber template—mm
			18	12	10	6	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Earth Sub grade	36	30	-	-	-	15
2	Granular / lime / Cement Stabilised Sub – base.	23	-	30	-	-	12
3	Water Bound Macadam with nominal size metal (20-50) mm	18	-	-	30	-	8
4	Semi – Dense Carpet @	15	-	-	-	20	6

Notes:-

1 . These are for machine laid surfaces. If laid manually, due to unavoidable reason, tolerance upto 50 percent above these values in this column may be permitted. However, this relaxation does not apply to the values of maximum undulation for longitudinal and cross profiles mentioned in columns 3 and 8 in the table.

2. Surface evenness requirements in respect of both the longitudinal and cross profiles should be simultaneously satisfied.

3. **Rectification** : Where the surface irregularity of subgrade and the various pavement courses fall outside the specified tolerances, the contractor shall be liable to rectify these in the manner described below and to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-charge at his own cost.

(i) **Subgrade** : Where the surface is high, it shall be trimmed and suitably compacted. Where the same is low, the deficiency shall be corrected by adding fresh material. The degree of compaction and the type of material to be used shall conform to the specified requirements.

(ii) **Granular/Sub-base** : Same as at (i) above except that the degree of compaction and the type of material to be used shall conform to the specified requirements.

(iii) **Lime/Cement stabilized soil sub-base** : For Lime/Cement treated materials where the surface is high, the same shall be suitably trimmed while taking care that the material below is not disturbed due to this operation. However, where the surface is low, the same shall be corrected as described herein below.

For cement treated material, when the time elapsed between detection of irregularity and the time of mixing of the material is less than 2 hours, the surface shall be scarified to a depth of 50 mm, supplemented with freshly mixed material as necessary and recomposed to the relevant specification. When this time is more than 2 hours, the full depth of the layer shall be removed from the pavement and replaced with fresh material to specification. In either case, the area treated shall not be less than 5 metres long by 2 metres wide. This shall also apply to lime treated material except that the time criterion shall be 3 hours instead of 2 hours.

(iv) **Water Bound Macadam Base** : Where the surface is high or low, the top 75mm shall be scarified, reshaped with added material as necessary and recompacted. The area treated at a place shall not be less than 5 metres long and 2 metres wide.

(v) **Bituminous Constructions** : For bituminous constructions, other than wearing course, where the surface is low, the deficiency shall be corrected by adding fresh material and recompaction to specifications.

Where this surface is high, the full depth of the layer shall be removed and replaced with fresh material and compacted to specifications. For wearing course, where the surface is high or low; the full depth of the layer shall be removed and replaced with fresh material and compacted to specifications in all cases where the removal and replacement of a bituminous layer is involved, the area treated shall not be less than 5 metre long and not less than 1 lane wide.

4. Quality Control Tests During Construction :

The materials supplied and the works carried out by the Contractor shall conform to the enclosed relevant specifications. For ensuring the requisite quality of construction, the materials and works shall be subjected to quality control test as described hereinafter, by the Engineer-in-charge. The testing frequencies set forth are the desirable minimum and the Engineer-in-charge shall have the full authority to carry out test as frequently as he may deem necessary to satisfy that the materials at work comply with the appropriate specifications. Test procedures for the various quality control tests are indicated in the respective sections of the specifications or for certain tests within this section. Where no specific testing procedure is mentioned, the test shall be carried out as per prevalent accepted engineering practice to the directions of the Engineer-in-charge.

5. Tests on embankment for Embankment Construction :**5.1 Borrow Material:**

- (a) Sand Content (IS : 2720 Part IV)
Two test per 8000 Cubic Metres of soil.
- (b) Plasticity Test (IS : 2720 Part-V)
Each type to be tested. Two tests per 8000 Cubic Metres of soil.

- (c) Density test (IS : 2720 Part VII)
Each soil type to be tested. Two tests per 8000 Cubic Metres of soil.
- (d) Moisture Content Test (IS : 2720 Part-II)
One test for every 250 Cubic Metres of soil.

5.2 Compaction Control :

Control shall be exercised by taking at least one measurement of density for each 1000 square meters of compacted area, or closer as required to yield the minimum number of test results for evaluating day's work on statistical basis. The determination of density shall be in accordance with IS. : 2720 (Part XXVMI). Test locations shall be chosen only through random sampling techniques. Control shall not be based on the result of any one test but on the mean value of a set of 5-10 density determinations. The number of tests in one set of measurements shall be 5 as long as it is felt that sufficient control over borrow material and the method of compactions is being exercised. If considerable variations are observed between individual density results, the minimum number of tests in one set of measurement shall be increase to 10. The acceptance of work shall be subject to the condition that the mean dry density equals or exceeds the specified density and the standard deviation for any set of results is below 0.08 gm/cc. However for earthwork in shoulders and in top 500 mm portion of the embankment below the sub grade at least one density measurement shall be taken for every 500 square meters of the compacted area provided further that the number of the tests in each set-of measurement shall be at least 10. In other respects, the control shall be similar to that described earlier.

6. Following materials shall conform to the Indian Standards shown against them :

- (1)Cement.....
- (2)Sand for masonry.
- (3).....Sand for concrete.
- (4).....Coarse aggregate.
- (5).....Mild Steel...
- (6)High yield strength deformed bars
 - (a) Hot Rolled..... IS : 1139
 - (b) Cold Twisted..... IS : 1786

7. Barrel thickness of pipes of different class shall be as under :

Sr. No.	Internal Diameter of pipe in mm	Barrel thickness (in mm).		
		NP1	NP2	NP2
1	80	25	25	-
2	100	25	25	-
3	150	25	25	-
4	250	25	25	-
5	300	30	30	-
6	350	32	32	75
7	400	32	32	75
8	450	35	35	75
9	500	-	35	75
10	600	-	40	80
11	700	-	40	80
12	800	-	45	90
13	900	-	50	100
14	1000	-	55	100
15	1100	-	60	115
16	1200	-	65	115

DETAILED TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

REPAIRING AND COLOR WORK OF YATRI BHAWAN AT CHHOTAUDEPUR NAGARPALIKA UNDER: 15TH FINANCE YEAR-2024-25 (TIED) GRANT.

Item No: 1

Removing dry or oil bound distemper by a washing and scraping and sand papering the wall surface smooth including necessary repairs to scratches complete.

1. This work shall consist of removing, as here in after set forth, dry or oil bound distemper of any thickness from wall / R.C.C. member etc. which are in place but interfere with the new construction or are not suitable to remain in place, and of salvaging and disposing of the resulting materials and backfilling the resulting trenches and pits.

2 Existing dry or oil bound distemper of any thickness from wall / R.C.C. member which are within the building and which are designed to be removed shall be removed upto the limits and extent specified in the drawings or as indicated by the Engineer-in-charge.

3. Dismantling and removal operations shall be carried out with equipment and in such a manner as to leave undisturbed, adjacent pavement, structure and any other work to be left in place.

4. All operations necessary for the removal of any existing structure which might endanger new construction shall be completed prior to the start of new work.

5. The structures shall be dismantled carefully and the resulting materials so removed as not to cause any damage to the serviceable materials to be salvaged, the part of the structure to be retained and any other properties or structures nearby.

6. Unless otherwise specified, the superstructure portion of culverts/ bridges shall be entirely removed and other parts removed to below the ground level or as necessary depending upon the interference they cause to the new construction. Removal of overlying or adjacent materials if required in connection with the dismantling of the structures shall be incidental to this item.

7. Where existing culverts/ bridges are to be extended or otherwise incorporated in the new work, only such part of the existing structure shall be removed as are necessary to provide a proper connection to the new work. The connecting edges shall be cut, chipped and trimmed to the required lines and grades without weakening or damaging any part of the structure to be retained. Reinforcing bars which are to be left in place so as to project into new work as dowels or ties shall not be injured during removal of concrete.

8. Steel structures shall unless otherwise provided be carefully dismantled in such a manner as to avoid damage to members thereof. If specified in the drawing or directed by the Engineer-in-charge that structure is to be removed in a condition suitable for re-erection, all members shall be match marked by the contractor with white lead paint before dismantling end pins, nuts, loose plates, etc. shall be similarly marked to indicate their proper location, all pins, pin holes and machined surface shall be painted with a mixture of white lead and tallow and all loose parts shall be securely wired to adjaced members or packed in boxes.

9. Timber structures shall be removed in such a manner as to avoid damage to such timber or lumber as is designated to be salvaged by the Engineer-in-charge.

10. In removing pavements, kerbs, gutters and other structures like guard rails, fences, manholes, catch basins, inlets, etc. where portions of the existing construction are to be left in the finished work the same shall be removed to an existing joint or out and chipped to a true line with a face perpendicular to the surface of the existing strata. Sufficient removal shall be made to provide for proper grades and connections with the new work as directed by the Engineer-in-charge.

12. All concrete pavements, base course in carriage way and shoulders etc. designed for removal shall be broken to pieces whose volume shall not exceed 0.02 cubic meter and stockpiled at designated locations if the material is to be used later or otherwise arranged for disposal as directed.

13. Where directed by the Engineer-in-charge holes and depressions caused by dismantling operations shall be backfilled with excavated or other approved materials thoroughly compacted in line with surrounding area.

14. All materials obtained by dismantling shall be the property of Government. Unless otherwise specified, materials having any salvage value shall be placed in neat stacks of like material with the right-of-way as directed by the Engineer-in-charge, for which Contractor will remain responsible for its safe custody and preservation for 60 days after recording measurements of the salvaged materials.

15. Pipe culverts that are removed shall be cleared and neatly piled on the right-of way at points designated by the Engineer-in-charge.

16. Structural steel removal from old structure shall, unless otherwise specified or directed, be stored in a neat and presentable manner. Structures or portions thereof which are specified in the contract for re-erections shall be stored in separate piles.

17. Timber or lumber from old structure which is designated by the Engineer-in-charge as materials to be salvaged shall have all nails and bolts removed there from and shall be stored in neat piles locations suitable for loading.

18. All the products of dismantling operations which in the opinion of the Engineer-in-charge cannot be used or auctioned shall be disposed as directed, within 100 metres.

19. The work of dismantling structures shall be paid for in units indicated below by taking measurements before and after as applicable.

(i) Dismantling Stone/brick/concrete (Plain and Reinforced) masonry	Cubic Meter
(ii) Dismantling flexible and cement concrete pavement./RCC pipes	Cubic Meter
(iii) Dismantling steel structure.	Tonne
(iv) Dismantling timber structure	Cubic Meter
(v) Dismantling pipes, guard rails, kerbs, gutters and fencing Linear	Meter
(vi) Utility poles.	Nos.

20. The contract unit rates for the various items of dismantling shall be payment in full for carrying out the required operations including full compensation for all labour, materials, tools, equipment, safeguards and incidentals necessary to complete the work. These will also include excavation and backfilling where necessary and for handling, salvaging, piling and disposing of the dismantled materials within all lifts and up to all lead and lift.

21. Payment shall be made on Square Meter basis.

Item No: 2

Providing 15 mm. thick cement plaster in single coat on Rough (similar) side of single or half brick walls for interior plastering up to floor two level and finished even and smooth in. (II) cement mortar 1 : 4 (1 cement : 4 sand) Extra over item 58 to 64 for finishing with a floating coat of neat cement slurry. (up to 10 ton)

1.0. Materials

1.1. Water shall conform to M-1. The cement mortar of proportion **1:4** shall conform to M-13.

2.0. Workmanship

2.1. Scaffolding:

Wooden bullies, bamboos, planks, trestles and other scaffolding shall be sound. These shall be properly examined before erection and use. Stage scaffolding shall be provided for ceiling plaster which shall be independent of the walls.

2.2. Preparation of back ground :

2.2.1. The surface shall be cleaned of all dust, loose mortar droppings, traces of algae, efflorescence and other foreign matter by water or by brushing. Smooth surface shall be toughened by wire brushing if it is not hard and by hacking if it is hard. In case of concrete surface, if a chemical retarded has been applied to the form work, the surface shall be roughened by wire brushing and all the resulting dust and loose particles cleaned off and care shall be taken that none of the readers if left on the surface. Trimming of projections on brick/concrete surfaces where necessary shall be carried out to get an even surface.

2.2.2. Raking of joints in case of masonry where necessary shall be allowed to dry out for sufficient period before carrying out the plaster work.

2.2.3. The work shall not be soaked but only damped evenly before applying the plaster. If the surface becomes dry, such area shall be moistened again.

2.2.4. For external plaster, the pestring operation shall be started from top floor and carried downwards. For internal plaster, the plastering operations may be-started wherever the building frame and cladding work are ready and the temporary supports of the ceiling resting on the wall of the floor have been removed. Ceiling plaster shall be completed before starting plaster to walls.

2:3. Application of plaster :

2.3.1. The plaster about 15x15 cms. shall be first applied horizontally and vertically at not more than 2 meters intervals over the entire surface to serve as gauge. The surfaces of these gauges shall be truly in plane of the finished plastered surface. The mortar shall then be applied in uniform surface slightly more than the specified thickness, then brought to a true surface by working a wooden straight edge reaching across the gauges with small upward and sideways movements at a time. Finally, the surface shall be finished off true with a trowel or wooden float according as a smooth or a smooth or a sandy granular texture is required Excessive troweling or overworking the float shall be avoided. All corners, arises, angles and junctions shall be truly vertical or

horizontal as the case may be and shall be carefully finished. Hounding or chamfering, corners, arises junctions etc. shall be carried out with proper templates to be size required.

- 2.3.2.** Cement plaster shall be used within half an hour after addition of water and mortar or plaster which is partially set shall be rejected and removed forthwith from the site.
- 2.3.3.** In suspending the work at the end of the day, the plaster shall be left out clean to the line both horizontally and vertically, when recommencing the plaster, the edges of the old work shall be scraped clean and wetted with cement putty before plaster is applied to the adjacent areas to enable the two to properly join together. Plastering work shall be closed at the end of the day on the body of the wall and nearer than **15 cm.** to any corners or arises. It shall not be closed on the body of features such as plaster bands and cornices not at the corners or arises. Horizontal joints in plaster work shall not also occur on parapet tops and copings as these invariably lead to leakage. No portion of the surface shall be left out initially to be packed up later on.
- 2.3.4.** Each coat shall be kept damp continuously till the next coat is applied or for a minimum period of 7 days. Moistening shall commence as soon as plaster is hardened sufficiently. Soaking of walls shall be avoided and only as much water as can be readily absorbed shall be used, excessive evaporation on the sunny or windward side of building in hot air or dry weather shall be prevented by hanging matting or gunny bags oh the outside of the plaster and keeping them wet.
- 2.3.5.** The plastering work shall be in single coat on brick / concrete walls for interior plastering up to floor two level, finished even and smooth **in C.M. 1:4.**
- 2.3.6** The coat of cement and fine sand mortar of proportion 1:1 (15 mm thick about) shall be applied to the plastered surface with a trowel to provide uniform texture while the base coat is still plastic.
- 2.3.7.** In any continuous face of wall the finishing treatment should be carried out continuously and day lo day breaks made to coincide with architectural breaks in order to avoid unsightly Junctions
- 2.3.8. Curing :** All the plaster work shall be kept damp continuously for a period 7 days.
- 2.3.9.** Providing necessary grooves between structural members as directed by Engineer in charge.

3.0. Mode of measurements & payment

- 3.1.** The rate shall include the cost of all materials, labour and scaffolding etc. involved in the operations described under workmanship.
- 3.2.** All plastering shall be measured in square meters unless otherwise specified. Length breadth or height shall be measured correct to a centimeter.
- 3.3.** Thickness of the plaster shall be exclusive of he thickness of the key i.e. grooves or open joints in brick work, stone work etc. or space between laths. Thickness of plaster shall be average thickness with minimum **15 mm** at any point on this surface.
- 3.4.** This item includes plastering for all floors.
- 3.5.** The measurement of wall plastering shall be taken between the walls or partition (dimensions before plastering being taken) for length and from the top of floor or skirting to ceiling for height. Depth of cover of cornices if any shall be deducted.
- 3.6.** Soffits of stairs shall be measured as plastering on ceilings, following soffits shall be measured separately.

- 3.7.** For jambs, soffits, sills etc. for openings not exceeding 0.5 sq. met each in area for ends of joints beams, posts, girders, steps etc. not exceeding 0.5 sq.mt each in area and for openings exceeding 0.5. sq.mt and not exceeding 3.00 sq.mt. in each area deductions and additions shall be made in the following manners.
- (a) No deductions shall be made for ends of joints, beams, posts etc. and openings not exceeding 0.5 sq. mt each and no addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings, for finish to plaster around ends of joints, beams posts etc.
- (b) Deduction for openings exceeding 0.5 sq. mt but not exceeding 3 sq.mt. each shall be made as follows and no addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings, (i) When both faces of all wall are plastered with same plaster, deduction shall be made for one face only, (ii) When two faces of wall are plastered with different types of plasters or if one face is plastered and the other pointed, deductions shall be made from the plaster or pointing on the side of frame for door, window etc. on which width of reveals is less than that on the other side but no deductions shall be made on the other side. Where width of reveals on both faces of all are equal, deductions of 50% of area of opening on each face shall be made from areas of plaster and / or pointing as the case may be.
- 3.8.** For openings having door frames equal to or projecting beyond the thickness of wall, full deduction for opening shall be made from each plastered face of the wall.
- 3.9.** In case of openings of area above 3 sq.mt. each, deduction shall be made for openings but jambs, soffits sand sills shall be measured.
- 3.10** The payment shall be made for a unit of 1.0 sq.mt of work done over an above the finishing of work of base coat.
- 4.0.** The rate shall be for a unit of **one sq. meter.**

Item No: 3

Providing 10 mm. thick cement plaster in single coat on brick/concrete walls for interior plastering up to floor two level and finished even and smooth in. (II) cement mortar 1 : 4 (1 cement:4 sand) Extra over item 58 to 64 for finishing with a floating coat of neat cement slurry. (upto 10 ton) Extra over items 58 to 71 for plastering on ceilings and soffits of stairs upto floor two level instead of plastering on walls.

1.0. Materials

- 1.1.** Water shall conform to M-1. The cement mortar of proportion 1:4 shall conform to M-13.

2.0. Workmanship

2.1. Scaffolding:

Wooden bullies, bamboos, planks, trestles and other scaffolding shall be sound. These shall be properly examined before erection and use. Stage scaffolding shall be provided for brick/concrete walls for interior plaster which shall be independent of the walls.

2.2. Preparation of back ground :

- 2.2.1.** The surface shall be cleaned of all dust, loose mortar droppings, traces of algae, efflorescence and other foreign matter by water or by brushing. Smooth surface shall be toughened by wire

brushing if it is not hard and by hacking if it is hard. In case of concrete surface, if a chemical retarder has been applied to the form work, the surface shall be roughened by wire brushing and all the resulting dust and loose particles cleaned off and care shall be taken that none of the retarders is left on the surface. Trimming of projections on brick/concrete surfaces where necessary shall be carried out to get an even surface.

2.2.2. Raking of joints in case of masonry where necessary shall be allowed to dry out for sufficient period before carrying out the plaster work.

2.2.3. The work shall not be soaked but only damped evenly before applying the plaster. If the surface becomes dry, such area shall be moistened again.

2.2.4. For external plaster, the plastering operation shall be started from top floor and carried downwards. For internal plaster, the plastering operations may be started wherever the building frame and cladding work are ready and the temporary supports of the ceiling resting on the wall of the floor have been removed. Ceiling plaster shall be completed before starting plaster to walls.

2:3. Application of plaster :

2.3.1. The plaster about 15x15 cms. shall be first applied horizontally and vertically at not more than 2 meters intervals over the entire surface to serve as gauge. The surfaces of these gauges shall be truly in plane of the finished plastered surface. The mortar shall then be applied in uniform surface slightly more than the specified thickness, then brought to a true surface by working a wooden straight edge reaching across the gauges with small upward and sideways movements at a time. Finally, the surface shall be finished off true with a trowel or wooden float according as a smooth or a smooth or a sandy granular texture is required. Excessive troweling or overworking the float shall be avoided. All corners, arises, angles and junctions shall be truly vertical or horizontal as the case may be and shall be carefully finished. Hounding or chamfering, corners, arises junctions etc. shall be carried out with proper templates to be size required.

2.3.2. Cement plaster shall be used within half an hour after addition of water and mortar or plaster which is partially set shall be rejected and removed forthwith from the site.

2.3.3. In suspending the work at the end of the day, the plaster shall be left out clean to the line both horizontally and vertically, when recommencing the plaster, the edges of the old work shall be scraped clean and wetted with cement putty before plaster is applied to the adjacent areas to enable the two to properly join together. Plastering work shall be closed at the end of the day on the body of the wall and nearer than 15 cm. to any corners or arises. It shall not be closed on the body of features such as plaster bands and cornices not at the corners or arises. Horizontal joints in plaster work shall not also occur on parapet tops and copings as these invariably lead to leakage. No portion of the surface shall be left out initially to be packed up later on.

2.3.4. Each coat shall be kept damp continuously till the next coat is applied or for a minimum period of 7 days. Moistening shall commence as soon as plaster is hardened sufficiently. Soaking of walls shall be avoided and only as much water as can be readily absorbed shall be used, excessive evaporation on the sunny or windward side of building in hot air or dry weather shall be prevented by hanging matting or gunny bags on the outside of the plaster and keeping them wet.

- 2.3.5.** The plastering work shall be in single coat on fair side of brick / concrete walls for interior plastering up to floor two level, finished even and smooth in **C.M. 1:4**.
- 2.3.6** The coat of cement and fine sand mortar of proportion 1:1 (1.5 mm thick about) shall be applied to the plastered surface with a trowel to provide uniform texture while the base coat is still plastic.
- 2.3.7.** In any continuous face of wall the finishing treatment should be carried out continuously and day lo day breaks made to coincide with architectural breaks in order to avoid unsightly Junctions
The smooth concrete shall be suitably say read to provide necessary bond before plastering.
- 2.3.8. Curing :** All the plaster work shall be kept damp continuously for a period 7 days.
- 3.0. Mode of measurements & payment**
- 3.1.** The rate shall include the cost of all materials, labour and scaffolding etc. involved in the operations described under workmanship.
- 3.2.** All plastering shall be measured in square meters unless otherwise specified. Length breadth or height shall be measured correct to a centimeter.
- 3.3.** Thickness of the plaster shall be exclusive of he thickness of the key i.e. grooves or open joints in brick work, stone work etc. or space between laths. Thickness of plaster shall be average thickness with minimum **10 mm** at any point on this surface.
- 3.4.** This item includes plastering up to floor two level.
- 3.5.** The measurement of wall plastering shall be taken between the walls or partition (dimensions before plastering being taken) for length and from the top of floor or skirting to ceiling for height. Depth of cover of cornices if any shall be deducted.
- 3.6.** Soffits of stairs shall be measured as plastering on ceilings, following soffits shall be measured separately.
- 3.7.** For jambs, soffits, sills etc. for openings not exceeding 0.5 sq. met each in area for ends of joints beams, posts, girders, steps etc. not exceeding 0.5 sq.mt each in area and for openings exceeding 0.5. sq.mt and not exceeding 3.00 sq.mt. in each area deductions and additions shall be made in the following manners.
- (a) No deductions shall be made for ends of joints, beams, posts etc. and openings not exceeding 0.5 sq.mt each and no addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings, for finish to plaster around ends of joints, beams posts etc.
- (b) Deduction for openings exceeding 0.5 sq.mt but not exceeding 3 sq.mt. each shall be made as follows and no addition shall be made for ravel, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings, (i) When both faces of all wall are plastered with same plaster, deduction shall be made for one face only, (ii) When two faces of wall are plastered with different types of plasters or if one face is plastered and the other pointed, deductions shall be made from the plaster or pointing on the side of frame for door, window etc. on which width of reveals is less than that on the other side but no deductions shall be made on the other side. Where width of reveals on both faces of all are equal, deductions of 50% of area of opening on each face shall be made from areas of plaster and / or pointing as the case may be.

- 3.8. For openings having door frames equal to or projecting beyond the thickness of wall, full deduction for opening shall be made from each plastered face of the wall.
- 3.9. In case of openings of area above 3 sq.mt. each, deduction shall be made for openings but jambs, soffits and sills shall be measured.
- 3.10. The payment shall be made extra for this work over and above the plaster work
- 3.11. The rate shall be for a unit or 1 Kg of water proofing materials used in 1 bag of weighing 50 Kg. cement used extra over the rate of plastering work.
- 3.12. The rate shall be for a unit of **One sq. meter**.

Item No: 4

Applying two coats of putty & two coats of primer of approved brand and manufacture on new wall surface to give an even shade including thoroughly brushing the surface free from mortar dropping and other foreign matter and sand papered smooth.

1.0. Materials

Water shall be conform M-1. The acrylic emulsion paint shall conform to I.S.: 5411-1969 (Part-I).

2.0. Workmanship

The painting work shall be of acrylic lappy (putty) and two coats of primer of approved brand & manufactures on new wall surface to give an even shade.

- 2.1. **Scaffolding** : Wherever scaffolding is necessary it shall be erected in such a way that as far as possible on part of scaffolding shall rest against the surface to be white or colour washed. A properly secured strong and well tied suspended platform (Zoola) may be used for white washing. Where ladders are used pieces of old gunny bags shall be tied at top and bottom to prevent scratches to the floors and walls. For white washing of ceilings, proper stage scaffolding shall be erected where necessary.

- 2.2. **Preparation of surface** : The undecorated surface to be distempered shall be thoroughly brushed from dust, dirt, grease, mortar dropping and other foreign matter and sand papered smooth. New plaster surface shall be allowed to dry for at least 2 months before applications of distemper.

- 2.2.1. All unnecessary nails shall be removed. Pitting in plaster shall be made good with plaster again with a fine grade sand paper and made smooth. A coat of distemper shall be applied over the patches. The surface shall be allowed to dry thoroughly before the regular coat of distemper is allowed. The surface affected by moulds, moss, fungi, algae lichens, efflorescence etc. shall be treated in accordance with I.S; 2395 (Part 01) 1966. Before applying distempering, any unevenness shall be made good by applying putty made of plaster of paris mixed with water on entire surface including filling up the undulation and then sand papering the same after it is dry.

2.3. Preparation of Mix :

This shall be done as per manufacture's instructions. The thinning of emulsion is to be done with water and not with turpentine. The quantity of thinner to be added shall be as per manufacturer instructions.

2.4. Application :

- 2.4.1.** Before pouring into small containers for use, the paint shall be stirred thoroughly in item container. When applying also, the paint shall be continuously stirred in the smaller container, so that its consistency is kept uniform.
- 2.4.2.** The paint shall be laid on evenly and smoothly by means of crossing and laying off the crossing and consist of covering the area over with paint, brushing the surface hard for the first time over and then, brushing alternately in opposite direction two or three times and then finally brushing lightly in direction at right angles to the same. In this process, no brush Marks shall be left after the laying off is finished. No hair marks from the brush or clogging of paint puddles in the corners of panels, angles of moldings, etc. shall be left on the work. The full process of crossing and laying off will constitute one coat.
- 2.4.3.** The paint shall be applied with brush or rollers. For undecorated surfaces, the surface shall be treated with minimum two coats of cement water proofing paint. The second or subsequent coat shall not be started until the proceeding coat as become sufficiently hard to resist marking by brushing being used.
- 2.4.4.** The surface on finishing shall present a flat velvety smooth finish. It shall be even and uniform in shade without patches, brush marks, paint drops etc.

2.5. Precautions :

- (a) Old brushes if they are to be used with emulsion paints shall be completely dried of turpentine or oil paint by washing in warm soap water. Brushes shall be quickly washed in water immediately after use and kept immersed in water fusing break periods to prevent the paint from hardening on the brush.
- (b) In the preparation of wall for plastic emulsion painting, no oil base petals shall be sued in filling cracks, holes etc.
- (c) Splashes on floors etc. shall be cleaned out without delay as they will be difficult to remove after hardening.
- (d) Washing or surfaces treated with emulsion paint shall not be done within 3 to 4 weeks of application.

- 2.6. Protective measures :** The surface of doors, windows, floors, articles, of furniture etc. and such other parts of the building not to be white washed shall be protected from being splashed upon. Such surfaces shall be cleaned of white wash splashed if any.

3.0. Mode of measurements and payment

- 3.1.** All the work shall be measured in the decimal system as under:

- (a) Dimensions shall be measured to the nearest 0.01 m.
- (b) Area in individual item shall be worked out to the nearest 0.01 sq.m.

All the work shall be measured in sq.mt. Deductions for jambs, soffits, sills etc. for openings not exceeding 0.5 sq.mt. each in area, for ends of joists, posts, beams, girders, steps etc. not exceeding 0.5 sq.mt. each in area and for openings exceeding 0.5 sq.mt. and not exceeding 3.0. sq.mt. each in area, deductions and additions shall be made as under.

- 3.2.** No deductions shall be made for ends of joists, beams, posts, etc. and openings not exceeding 0.5 sq mt. each. No addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings not for finish around ends of joints, beams, posts etc.
- 3.3.** No deductions for openings exceeding 0.5 sq.mt. but not exceeding 3 sq.mt. each shall be made as follows and no addition will be made for reveals, jambs, soffits etc. of these openings :
- (a) When both the faces of walls are provided with finish, deduction shall be made for one face only.
- (b) When each face of wall is provided with different finish, deduction shall be made for that side of frame for door, windows, etc. on which width of reveals is less than that of the other side. Where width of reveals on both faces of wall are equal, deduction of .50% of area of opening on each face shall be made from total area of finish.
- (c) When only one face of wall is treated and the other face is not treated, full deduction shall be made if the width of reveal on the treated side is less than that on the untreated side, but if the width of the reveal is equal or more than on the untreated side neither deductions nor additions to be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc.
- 3.4.** In case of area of openings exceeding 3 sq. mt. each, deductions shall be made for openings but jambs, soffits, sills shall be measured.
- 3.5.** No deductions shall be made for attachment such as casing, conducts, pipe, electric wiring and the like.
- 3.6.** Corrugated surfaces shall be measured flat as fixed and not girth. The quantities so measured shall be increased by the following percentage and the resultant shall be included with the general areas:
- (a) Corrugated steel sheets..... 14%
- (b) Corrugated A.C. sheets..... 20%
- (c) Semi corrugated A.C. Sheets..... 10%
- (d) Naintial pattern roof (Plain sheeting sheets)..... 10%
- (e) Naintial pattern roof (with corrugated sheets)..... 25%
- 3.7.** Cornices and other wall features, when they are not picked out in a different finish/colour shall be girthed and included in the general area.
- 3.8** Extra payment shall be done on ceiling and sloping roofs.
- 3.9.** The rate shall include the cost of ail materials, labour, scaffolding, protective measures etc. involved in all the operations described above.
- 4.0** The rate shall be for a unit of **One sq.** meter.

Item No: 5

Distempering (Three Coat) with oil bound washable distemper of approved brand and manufacture and of required shade on wall surfaces to give an even shade over and including a primer coat with alkali resistance primer of approved brand after thoroughly brushing the surface free from other foreign matter and also including preparing the surface even and sand papered smooth.

1.0. Materials

- 1.1.** Oil bound washable distemper and primer shall be of approved brand and manufacture. The distemper shall be of required colour and shade and the same shall conform to I.S. : 428-1969. The shade shall be approved by Engineer in charge. Birla or Asian acrylic lappy (putty) and primer shall be of approved brand and manufacture.

2.0. Workmanship

The distempering shall be carried out on wall surfaces to give an even shade.

2.1. Scaffolding

Where scaffolding is required, it shall be erected in such a way that as far as possible no part of scaffolding shall rest against the surface to be distempered. A properly secured and well tied suspended platform (Joola) may be used for distempering. Where ladders are used, pieces of old gunny bags shall be tied at top and bottom to prevent scratches to the walls and floors. For distempering to ceiling, proper stage scaffolding shall be erected where necessary.

2.2. Preparation of surface :

- 2.2.1.** The undecorated surface to be distempered shall be thoroughly brushed from dust, dirt, grease, mortar dropping and other foreign matter and sand papered smooth. New plaster surface shall be allowed to dry for at least 2 months before applications of distemper.
- 2.2.2.** All unnecessary nails shall be removed. Pitting in plaster shall be made good with plaster again with a fine grade sand paper and made smooth. A coat of distemper shall be applied over the patches. The surface shall be allowed to dry thoroughly before the regular coat of distemper is allowed. The surface affected by moulds, moss, fungi, algae lichens, efflorescence etc. shall be treated in accordance with I.S; 2395 (Part 01) 1966. Before applying distempering, any unevenness shall be made good by applying putty made of plaster of paris mixed with water on entire surface including filling up the undulation and then sand papering the same after it is dry.

2.2.3 The lappy (putty) shall be carried out on wall surfaces to give an even shade.

2.3. Priming coat :

- 2.3.1.** A priming coat of distemper primer of approved manufacture and shade shall be applied over the papered surface in case of new work on undecorated surface. If the distemper priming is done after the wall surface dries completely, the distemper primer shall be applied.
- 2.3.2.** Application of primer shall be done as under: The primer shall be applied with a brush on the clean dry and smooth surface. Horizontal strokes shall be given first and vertical strokes shall be applied immediately afterwards. This entire operation will constitute one coat. The surface shall be finished as uniformly as possible leaving no brush marks. It shall be allowed to dry for at least 48 hours before oil bound distemper or paint is applied.
- 2.3.3.** Oil bound distemper is not recommended to be applied within six months of the completion of wall plaster.

2.4. Preparation of oil bound distemper :

- 2.4.1.** The distemper shall be diluted with water or any other prescribed thinner in a manner recommended by the manufacturer only. Sufficient quantity of distemper required for a day's work shall be prepared.

2.5. Application of Distemper coat:

- 2.5.1.** For undecorated surfaces, after the primer coat is dried for at least 48 hours, the surface shall be lightly sand papered to make it smooth for receiving the distemper, taking care not to rub out priming coat. All loose particles shall be dusted off after rubbing. Minimum two coats of distemper shall be applied with brushes in horizontal strokes followed immediately by vertical strokes which together shall constitute one coat. The subsequent coats shall be applied after a time interval of at least 24 hours between consecutive coats to permit proper drying of the preceding coat. The finished surface shall be even and uniform without patches, brush marks, distemper drops etc.
- 2.5.2.** Sufficient quantity of distemper shall be mixed to finish one room at a time. The application of a coat in each room shall be finished in one operation and no work shall be started in any room which cannot be completed on the same day.
- 2.5.3.** 15 cm. double bristled distemper brush shall be used. After day's work brushes shall be thoroughly washed in hot water with soap solution and hung down to dry. Old brushes which are dirty and caked with distemper shall not be used on the work.
- 2.6. Protective measurements :** The surfaces of doors, windows, floors, articles of furniture etc. and such other parts of the buildings as are not to be distempered shall be protected from being splashed upon. Such surfaces shall be cleaned of distemper splashes if any.

3.0. Mode of measurements and payment

- 3.1.** Priming coat of distemper primer, scraping of surface spoiled by struck roots, removal of oil and grease spots, treatment for infestation of effloresces., mould moss, fungi, algae and lichen and patch repairs to plaster shall be included in this item for which nothing extra shall be paid.
- 3.2.** All the work shall be measured net in the decimal system as in place subject to the following limits unless otherwise stated hereinafter:
- (a) Dimensions shall be measured to the nearest 0.01 m.
- (b) Area in individual items shall be worked out to the nearest 0.01 sq. m. All work shall be made for ends of joints, beams, posts etc. and openings, not exceeding 0.5 sq.m. each and no addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings not for finish around ends of joints, beams, posts etc.
- 3.3.** Deductions of opening exceeding 0.5 sq.m. but not exceeding 3 sq. m. each shall be made as follows and net addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits etc. of these openings :
- (a) When both the faces of wall are provided with same finish, deductions shall be made for one face only.
- (b) When each face of wall is provided with different finish, deduction shall be made for that side of frame for doors, windows etc. on which width of reveals is less than that of the other side but no deduction shall be made on the other side. Where the width of reveals on the both the faces of wall are equal, deduction of 50% of area of opening on each face shall be made from area of finish.
- (c) When only one face of wall is treated and the other face is not treated, full deductions shall be made if the width of the reveal on treated side is less than that on untreated side but if the width of the reveal is equal or more than that on untreated side neither deductions nor additions to be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc.
- 3.4.** In case of opening of area exceeding 3 sq. m. each deduction shall be made for openings but jambs, sills and soffits shall be measured.
- 3.5.** No deductions shall be made for attachments such as casings, conduits, pipes, electric wiring and the like.
- 3.6.** Item includes removing nails, making good holes, patches with materials similar in composition of distemper.
- 3.7.** The extra rate shall be paid for carrying out distempering work on ceiling/sloping roofs over and above.
- 3.8.** The rate includes cost of all materials, labours, scaffolding, protective measures etc. involved in all the operations described above. This shall also include conveyance, delivery, handling, unloading, storing work etc.

3.9. The rate shall be for a unit of **one sq. meter.**

Item No: 6

Distempering (Three Coat) with oil bound washable distemper of approved brand and manufacture and of required shade on Ceiling & Sloping Roof surfaces to give an even shade over and including a primer coat with alkali resistance primer of approved brand after thoroughly brushing the surface to give and free from other foreign matter and also including preparing the surface even and sand papered smooth.

1.0. Materials

1.1. Oil bound washable distemper and primer shall be of approved brand and manufacture. The distemper shall be of required colour and shade and the same shall conform to I.S. : 428-1969. The shade shall be approved by Engineer in charge. Birla or Asian acrylic lappy (putty) and primer shall be of approved brand and manufacture.

2.0. Workmanship

The distempering shall be carried out on wall surfaces to give an even shade.

2.1. Scaffolding

Where scaffolding is required, it shall be erected in such a way that as far as possible no part of scaffolding shall rest against the surface to be distempered. A properly secured and well tied suspended platform (Joola) may be used for distempering. Where ladders are used, pieces of old gunny bags shall be tied at top and bottom to prevent scratches to the walls and floors. For distempering to ceiling, proper stage scaffolding shall be erected where necessary.

2.2. Preparation of surface :

2.2.1. The undecorated surface to be distempered shall be thoroughly brushed from dust, dirt, grease, mortar dropping and other foreign matter and sand papered smooth. New plaster surface shall be allowed to dry for at least 2 months before applications of distemper.

2.2.2. All unnecessary nails shall be removed. Pitting in plaster shall be made good with plaster again with a fine grade sand paper and made smooth. A coat of distemper shall be applied over the patches. The surface shall be allowed to dry thoroughly before the regular coat of distemper is allowed. The surface affected by moulds, moss, fungi, algae lichens, efflorescence etc. shall be treated in accordance with I.S; 2395 (Part 01) 1966. Before applying distempering, any unevenness shall be made good by applying putty made of plaster of paris mixed with water on entire surface including filling up the undulation and then sand papering the same after it is dry.

2.2.3 The lappy (putty) shall be carried out on wall surfaces to give an even shade.

2.3. Priming coat :

2.3.1. A priming coat of distemper primer of approved manufacture and shade shall be applied over the papered surface in case of new work on undecorated surface. If the distemper priming is done after the wall surface dries completely, the distemper primer shall be applied.

2.3.2. Application of primer shall be done as under: The primer shall be applied with a brush on the clean dry and smooth surface. Horizontal strokes shall be given first and vertical strokes shall be applied immediately afterwards. This entire operation will constitute one coat. The surface shall be finished as uniformly as possible leaving no brush marks. It shall be allowed to dry for at least 48 hours before oil bound distemper or paint is applied.

2.3.3. Oil bound distemper is not recommended to be applied within six months of the completion of wall plaster.

2.4. Preparation of oil bound distemper :

2.4.1. The distemper shall be diluted with water or any other prescribed thinner in a manner recommended by the manufacturer only. Sufficient quantity of distemper required for a day's work shall be prepared.

2.5. Application of Distemper coat:

- 2.5.1.** For undecorated surfaces, after the primer coat is dried for at least 48 hours, the surface shall be lightly sand papered to make it smooth for receiving the distemper, taking care not to rub out priming coat. All loose particles shall be dusted off after rubbing. Minimum two coats of distemper shall be applied with brushes in horizontal strokes followed immediately by vertical strokes which together shall constitute one coat. The subsequent coats shall be applied after a time interval of at least 24 hours between consecutive coats to permit proper drying of the preceding coat. The finished surface shall be even and uniform without patches, brush marks, distemper drops etc.
- 2.5.2.** Sufficient quantity of distemper shall be mixed to finish one room at a time. The application of a coat in each room shall be finished in one operation and no work shall be started in any room which cannot be completed on the same day.
- 2.5.3.** 15 cm. double bristled distemper brush shall be used. After day's work brushes shall be thoroughly washed in hot water with soap solution and hung down to dry. Old brushes which are dirty and caked with distemper shall not be used on the work.
- 2.6. Protective measurements :** The surfaces of doors, windows, floors, articles of furniture etc. and such other parts of the buildings as are not to be distempered shall be protected from being splashed upon. Such surfaces shall be cleaned of distemper splashes if any.

3.0. Mode of measurements and payment

- 3.1.** Priming coat of distemper primer, scraping of surface spoiled by struck roots, removal of oil and grease spots, treatment for infestation of efflorescences, mould moss, fungi, algae and lichen and patch repairs to plaster shall be included in this item for which nothing extra shall be paid.
- 3.2.** All the work shall be measured net in the decimal system as in place subject to the following limits unless otherwise stated hereinafter:
- (a) Dimensions shall be measured to the nearest 0.01 m.
- (b) Area in individual items shall be worked out to the nearest 0.01 sq. m. All work shall be made for ends of joints, beams, posts etc. and openings, not exceeding 0.5 sq.m. each and no addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc. of these openings not for finish around ends of joints, beams, posts etc.
- 3.3.** Deductions of opening exceeding 0.5 sq.m. but not exceeding 3 sq. m. each shall be made as follows and net addition shall be made for reveals, jambs, soffits etc. of these openings :
- (a) When both the faces of wall are provided with same finish, deductions shall be made for one face only.
- (b) When each face of wall is provided with different finish, deduction shall be made for that side of frame for doors, windows etc. on which width of reveals is less than that of the other side but no deduction shall be made on the other side. Where the width of reveals on both the faces of wall are equal, deduction of 50% of area of opening on each face shall be made from area of finish.
- (c) When only one face of wall is treated and the other face is not treated, full deductions shall be made if the width of the reveal on treated side is less than that on untreated side but if the width of the reveal is equal or more than that on untreated side neither deductions nor additions to be made for reveals, jambs, soffits, sills etc.
- 3.4.** In case of opening of area exceeding 3 sq. m. each deduction shall be made for openings but jambs, sills and soffits shall be measured.
- 3.5.** No deductions shall be made for attachments such as casings, conduits, pipes, electric wiring and the like.
- 3.6.** Item includes removing nails, making good holes, patches with materials similar in composition of distemper.
- 3.7.** The extra rate shall be paid for carrying out distemping work on ceiling/sloping roofs over and above.

- 3.8. The rate includes cost of all materials, labours, scaffolding, protective measures etc. involved in all the operations described above. This shall also include conveyance, delivery, handing, unloading, storing work etc.
- 3.9. The rate shall be for a unit of **one sq. meter**.

Item No: 7

Finishing wall with Weather Proof Acrylic Emulsion Exterior Paint on wall surface (three coat) to give an even shade and of approved brand and manufacture including thoroughly brooming and brushing the surface to remove all dirt, and remains of loose powdered material.

General

This work shall consist of painting the walls with weather proof exterior emulsion paint on wall surfaces two coats of painting and one coat of primer coat paint of the shape and dimensions shown on the drawings and conforming to these specifications or as approved by the Engineer in charge.

MATERIALS

1.0 Exterior Emulsion Paint

Exterior emulsion paint shall be of specified colour as approved by Engineer in charge the ready mixed exterior emulsion paint shall not be allowed, If however ready mix emulsion paint of specified shade or tint is not available white ready mixed paint with approved Steiner will be allowed in such case the contractor shall ensure that the shade of the paint so allowed shall be uniform exterior emulsion paint shall meet with the following general requirements

1. Exterior emulsion paint shall not show excessive setting in freshly opened full can and shall easily be redepressed with a paddle to a smooth homogeneous state. The exterior emulsion paint shall show no curdling, livering cracking or colour separation and shall be free from lumps and skins.
2. The exterior emulsion paint as received shall brush easily possess good leveling properties and show no running or sagging tendencies.
3. The exterior emulsion paint shall not skin within 48 hours in a three quarters filled closed container
4. The exterior emulsion paint shall dry to a smooth uniform finish free from roughness grit unevenness and other imperfections
5. Ready mix exterior emulsion paint if allowed for specified shade, shall be used exactly as received from the manufacturers and generally according to their instruction and without any admixtures whatsoever.

2.0 WORKMAN SHIP

2.1 Scaffolding :

Where scaffolding is required, it shall be erected in such a way that as far as possible no part of scaffolding shall rest against the surface to be distempered. A properly secured strong and well

tied suspended platform (joola) may be used for distempering. Where ladders are used, pieces of old gunny bags.

3.0 Application coat :

The exterior emulsion paint on wall surfaces two coats of painting and one coat of primer coat paint of shall be diluted with water or any other prescribed thinner in a manner recommended by the manufacturer only. Sufficient quantity of distemper required for a day's work shall be prepared.

- 3.1** For undecorated surfaces, after the primer coat is dried for at least 48 hours, the surface shall be lightly sand papered to make it smooth for receiving the exterior emulsion paint, taking care not to rub out the priming coat. All loose particles shall be dusted off after rubbing. Minimum two coats of the exterior emulsion paint shall be applied with brushes in horizontal strokes followed immediately by vertical strokes which together shall constitute one coat. The subsequent coats shall be applied after a time interval of at least 24 hours between consecutive coats to permit proper drying of the preceding coat. The finished surface shall be even and uniform without patches, brush marks, distemper drops etc.

- 3.2** Sufficient quantity of the exterior emulsion paint shall be mixed to finish one room at a time.

3.0 MODE OF MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT :

- 3.1.** The unit rate wall painting with exterior emulsion paint shall include the cost of all materials, tools and plant required for mixing, cleaning brushing sand papering & painting with all required specials and Lapi compound, finishing as per direction of the Engineer-in-charge, and all other incidental expenses for producing pipe line work of specified diameter to complete the structure or its components as shown on the drawings and according to these specifications. They shall also include the cost of making, fixing and removing of all scaffolding and forms required for the work.
- 3.2** The rate of wall painting with exterior emulsion paint shall include the cost of all labour, materials tools and plant scaffolding and all incidental expenses as described herein above.
- 3.3.** The wall painting with exterior emulsion paint shall be measured for its length and height limiting dimensions to those specified on plan or as directed. The rate shall be for a unit of one square meter.
- 3.4.** The payment will be made on **square meter** basis of the finished work.

SCHEDULE FOR TESTING OF MATERIALS

For ensuring quality control and workmanship, various tests prescribed below for materials shall Be taken at periodical intervals as stipulated below.

Sr. No.	Brief Description of Materials to be tested (2)	Qty. of Materials (3)	Prescription of test which shall be carried	Frequency @ which test shall be carried out	Total No. of Test 'to betaken.
1	25 to 90 H. B.Metal 40 to 63 H. B.Metal 40 to 50 M. C.Metal 20 to 50 M. C.Metal Kapachi		- Gradation Test - Impact Value - Flakiness Index - Water absorption test - Sp. gravity	1 to 100 Cmt. - 1 Test 100 to 500 Cmt. - 3 Test 500 to 1500 Cmt. - 5 Test 1500 to 5000 Cmt. - 7 Test	
2	Grit		- Stripping Value, gradation, Water absorption, Sp. gravity	One test per work	
3	Murum		- P. I. Value - C.B.R.	One test per work	
4	Quarry spall		- C.B.R. - Gradation	One test per work	
5	Asphalt		- Penetration Test as per Specification	Tanker Test 1 1 2to15 2 16to50 3	
6	Tack Coat		- Binder temperature for application - Rate of spread of binder	Irregular close in intervals Two test per day.	
7	Carpet & Seal coat mix		- Grading - temperature of binder in boiler, aggregates in the dryer and mix at the time of laying and rolling (Binder content vide 45 IMD 2172) Rate of Spreaded mix materials.	One test on individual constituents and mixed aggregates from the dryer for each 100 tons of mix subject to minimum of Two tests per plant per day. One Test for each 100 tons of mix subjects to mini. of Two per day plant. Regular control through checks on layer thickness.	
8	Bricks		- Water absorption - Effloresce - Size - Compressive Strength	1 Test @ 50,000 Bricks	
9	Cement		Consistency - Compressive Strength - Initial & Final setting time - Fineness - Soundness - Specific Gravity - Chemical analysis	1 Test / 50 M.T. 2 Tests / 100 M.T. 3 Tests / 200 M.T. 4 Tests / 400 M.T. 5 Tests / 500 M.T. 6 Tests / 600 M.T.	
10	Steel (TMT / M.S.)		- Tensile strength - Yield Stress - Elongation - Size - Bend - Rebend	1 Test / 40 M.T. 1 Test / 40 M.T. 1 Test / 40 M.T. 1 Test / 40 M.T. 1 Test / 20 M.T. 1 Test / 20 M.T.	
11	C.C. Cube in M-150 M-200, M-250, M-300,		- Compressive Strength	1 to 5 C.mt. - 1 Set 6 to 15 C.mt. 2 Sets 16 to 20 C.mt. - 3 Sets 20 to 50 C.mt. - 4 Sets 51 above - 4 One	

	M-350 Grade			additional sample for each 100 C.mt. / or.	
12	Coarse Sand		C.B.R., silt content, sieve analysis	One Test per work	
13	Sand (For concrete work)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Specific Gravity - Alkali Reactivity - Petrography Exa. - Gradation - Silt Content - Water absorption test 	2 Tests per season or change of river	
14	Crushed stone Aggregate (For concrete work)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gradation - Water absorption - Impact Value - Abrasion Value - Soundness Test 	1 Sample / 150 Cum. or 2 Sample / Season each source.	
15	Water for all item pertaining to water		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Portability - Salinity - Chemical analysis 	One sample for each source of supply	
16	Earthwork for Embankment		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sand content - Atterberg's limit - Density test - Moisture content - C.B.R. 	2 Test / 8000 Cum 2 Test / 8000 Cum 2 Test / 8000 Cum 1 Test / 250 Cum. 1 Test / work	
17	Cement concrete		- Mix design	One time test for each concrete grade beyond M-200	

LIST OF REGISTERS TO BE MAINTAINED AT SITE

ANNEXURE – 1

**FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS/REGISTERS TO BE MAINTAINED AT SITE FOR ENSURING PROPER
QUALITY CONTROL OF WORK IN PROGRESS.**

1. A complete set of Contract Documents
2. A Complete set of drawings (tender drawings and Good for Execution Drawings)
3. A complete set of change in specification or scope if any and approval thereof.
4. Master Test Register for Material for field Test.
 - i) Lab Report
 - ii) Lab/Field Test.
5. Register for bricks testing. Lab/Field
6. Concrete Pouring Card
7. Bitumen Test Register
8. Paint Register
9. Empty Bags Of Cement Shall Be Deposited On Monthly Basis At Store Of Chhota udepur Nagarpalika Chhota udepur And Same Shall Be Recorded In Store Register For Cement.
10. Register for approval of samples for various materials.
11. Site Order Book.
12. Register showing defects noticed during execution of work and compliance reports.
13. Hindrance Register

APPROVED LIST OF MATERIALS
LIST OF APPROVED MAKE / MANUFACTURER/ BRAND OF MATERIALS FOR CIVIL
ITEMS

The following are approved brand makes/manufacture's makes listed below. In case it is established that material as listed below is not available in the market, approved equivalent material and finished of any other specialized brand names/ manufacturer's makes may be used as per approval of Architect.

Material certificate: Material tests as required by the Engineer, if any, shall be carried out by the Contractor from the approved laboratories and the tests reports shall be submitted in the required formats before use of such material. The Engineer shall have the right to reject any material or work, if he finds that the quality of material used/intended to be used and work are not satisfactory. The Contractor shall make good such defective material or the works at his own cost (within the contract price) and without causing any delay to the completion time as specified in the TENDER.

No	Item	Approved make
1	Cement	Ambuja, Ultratech, JK Laxmi, Jaypee, Sanghi, Siddhee, ACC or approve by Architect/EIC
2	White Cement	Birla, J.K
3	Sand	Locally available & as approved sample
4	Aggregates	Vadagam or approved by Client
5	Bricks	As per approved sample by Client
6	Reinforcement bar/TMT Bars	Sail ,Tata, Rinl, Jindal , Vizag , GUJ NRE, Kamdhenu, National Electotherm, ASR Thermax, Gallant, Sanghi, Friends, Vinayak, Varsana, Utkarsh, Aditya, Grace, God
7	Structural steel	Sail ,Tata, Rinl, Jindal, Essar, Vizag, Asian, Appolo
8	Paver blocks	Vyara, Super, Sona tiles, Asian or equivalent
9	Shuttering plywood	Kitply, Anchor, Green, Pragati or equivalent
10	Anti-termite treatment	Pest control India, Bayer-Premise, Rallis India-Termex, Item Secure
11	Waterproofing compound	Pidilite, Sikka, Balendura, Fosroc, Kerakoll, BASF, Sunanda Chemical
12	Weather sealant	Kerakoll, Down corning, Fosroc, Sikka, Dr. Fixit(Pidilite), Bostik, Wacker
13	Joint Filler / silicon paint	Wacker, Dowcorning, Sika, Chokshi, Saudal.
14	Tile adhesive	Saint gobain - Weber, Balendura , Kerakoll, Pidilite ,Roff , Myk Laticrete
15	Epoxy grouting	Myk Laticrete, Dubond, Kerakoll, Bal Endura, Fosroc , Saint Gobain –Weber, Pidilite
16	Paint, primer	Jotun, Asian, Berger, Nerolac, Indigo, ICI
17	Putty	Birla , Berger, Asian
18	Polish	MRF, Asian, ICI, Taralac

19	Water stops	Arti Cables, Fixopan
20	Granite	As per approved sample
21	Vitrified tiles/ Glazed tiles/ Ceramic tiles	Varmora, Sunheart, Nitco, Kajaria, Somany, Asian, Simpolo, Motto, Silon, Johnson
22	Glass Mosaic	Pavit, Italia, Bissaza , Piccolo
23	Auto sensor Door	Dorma, Geze , Ozone
24	Glass door hardware & fittings	Dorma, Geze, Haffle, Enox, Kitch
25	Door Window & Furniture Hardware	Kitch, EPPW, Dorma, Palladium, Ozon, Magnum, Yale.
26	Adhesives	Fevicol, Kitcol, Araldite, BAL.
27	Anchor fastener / bolts	Hilti. Fischer, Mungo
28	Linseed oil	Saffola
29	Floor spring	Ozone, Everite, Hemco, Godrej, Hyper, Starling, Dorma , Enox
30	Door closer	Godrej, Dorma, Enox , Eficient Gadget, Yale
31	Locks	Godrej, Dorset, Yale, EPPW, Dorma, Kitch.
32	Glass	Modiguard, Saint-Gobain, Asahi, HNG
33	Wood	Teak, Sal sycamore, Merandi
34	Flush door- decorative / non decorative	Greenly-door, century- door, Archidply - door, Eurodoor, Nippon, Duro
35	MS Rolling shutter	Sarvottam, Suryoday, Gandhi, Sagar
36	Ply (BWP - IS 710 & BWR 303)	Green ply, Euro ply, Nippon, Duro, Century, Silicon(evoke)
37	Laminate	Greenlam, Century, Merino, Euro, Royal touch, Formica, Nippon
38	Veneer	Greenlam, Century ply, Euro ply, Timex, Natural Decowood
39	MDF	Nuwood ,Maftalal, Duratuff
40	Prelam particle board	Novapan, Bhutan. (exterior grade only)
41	Cement bonded particle board	NCL (Bison board), Everest (Eternite), Shera
42	Compact sheet	Vir, Bloom, Formica.
43	Alluminium heavy duty section	Jindal, Domal series, Hindalco, Banco, Gujarat Extrusion
44	Sanitary vessels	Kohler, Jaquar, Hindware, Cera, Parryware , Johnson
45	Sanitary accessories	Kohler, Jaquar, Hindware, Cera, Parryware, Johnson
46	Hand drayer	Euronics , Cera, Jaquar
47	Toilet Cubical	Marino, Greenlam, Matalium, T-Line
48	CPVC & UPVC , PVC pipe	Prince, Supreme, Astral, Finolex, Ashirvad flow guard,
49	Polycarbonate sheet	Makrolon, Lexan, Bayer, Dunpalon, Sabic, Coxwell
50	Anchor fastener and bolts	Hilti, Fischer
51	Gypsum board false ceiling	Saint gobain, USG Boral, Ecotone, Hilux
52	Grid ceiling	Aerolite, Saint gobain, Armstrong, Anutone
53	Accoustic Ceiling	Armstrong , Anutone , Aerolite, Saint gobain
54	Metal ceiling	Metalium , Supersill , USG Boral, Aerolite

55	ACP	Aludecor, Alucobond, Alston, Alstrong, Eurobond, VIVA
56	Acoustic paneling	Artois, Ecotone, Aerolite
57	Glass film	3M, Avery, Garvey,
58	Modular Glass Partition	Sonic, Kubik, Otic, Ozone
59	Carpet flooring	Welspun, Unitex, Ecosoft, Tarkett, Flotex, Solarbrite, Rosetta, Dubond, Sorona
60	Wooden flooring	Vista, Pergo, Armstrong, Mikasa, Ecosoft, Quick step
61	Roller blinds	Vista, Hunterdouglas, Ferrari
62	Hardware & fittings	Hettich, Haffle, Enox, Ebco, kitch
63	Aluminium profile handles & frames	Olive, Hettich, Haffle, Enox, Ebco, kitch
64	Door hardware & accessories	Geze, Haffle, Enox, Dorma, Kitch, Ozone, kitch
65	PVC edge beading	Rehau, Dolken
66	Furniture	Monarch, Amardeep, HOFF, Godrej, Wipro
67	Glass wool/ synthwool	Rockwool, Twiga, AcoSonic
68	Compactor	Kompress, Wipro, Godrej, HOFF
69	Artificial stone	Emcer, Kalinga, CMC, AGL, Johnson
70	Vinyl	Welspun, Solarbrite, Tarkett, Unitex, Responsive, LG
71	Window locks cum handle	Alualpha, Giessee or equivalent.
72	Filler rubber of glass panel	EPDM quality only
73	Wool felt/weather strip	Anand, red-diplex ltd or equivalent
74	Rust Remover	Feovert (Krishna Conchem), Roff Rust Clear (Pidilite Industries)
75	Polymer bonding agent	Monobond (Krishna Conchem), Roff Bond Repair (Pidilite Industries)
76	Non-shrink grout	Polygrout -HS (Krishna Conchem), Roff Grout GP (Pidilite Industries)
77	Super plasticizer for jacketing	Supercon-100 (Krishna Conchem), Roff Plast 330 / Concrete Master
78	Rebar and Anchor Fasteners	Hilti or Fischer OR Mungo.
79	Acrylic SBR base bonding agent	Mono-bond SBR (Krishna Conchem), CICO, BASF, Pidilite
80	Epoxy Bonding	EPI bond 21 LP (Krishna Conchem), Roff Concrete Bond (Pidilite)
81	Modular Kitchen	Timbor Home, Tiara furniture system, Godrej interio
82	PVC Sleeve	Supreme / Astral / Prince
83	Expansion Board	Capcell HD Board
84	Expansion Joint	Pidilite / Roof/Laticrete or mentioned in BOQ
85	Expansion Joint System	3R as per Item description
86	Water Proofing	BASf/ Fosroc / Sika or mentioned in BOQ
87	Overdeck Insulation	BASf/ Fosroc / Sika or mentioned in BOQ
88	PVC spacer	BAL Endura / Kerakoll / BASF
89	PVC Flooring	Armstrong, Gerflor, Tarkett
90	Self Levelling Chemicals	Ardex / BASF / Cico / Sika

91	Anti-bacterial Paint	Sikka / Liquid Plastic/SSK/Viessmann/artilin / BASF /Huntsman
92	Galvalume roofing sheet	Jindal,Mansha,Eashar
93	Pre coated Sheet	J.S.Eng., Fielders, Rama, Shree Precoated, S.Kumar
94	Floor stamping	Ultratech, Vyara, Flexstone or Equivalent
95	WPC door	Alstone , Flexibond or equivalent
96	Roofing shingles	Saint Gobain , Malarkey , Technicol , Dockey or equivalent
97	Fiber Cement sheet board	Ecopro, Everest , Shera , CK Birla Group
98	Roof Gutter	Saint Gobain , Malarkey , Technicol or equivalent

PLUMBING MAKE LIST

Sr.No.	Item	Approved Make
1.	SWR PVC PIPE & FITTINGS 6 KG CM ² ; FITTINGS : 6 KG CM ²	ASTRAL / SUPREME/PRINCE/FINOLEX
2.	ECO. DRAIN PIPE & FITTINGS	SUPREME/ ASTRAL
3.	GULLY TRAP	GIRCO / TIRUMALA / SONIA/ SUPREME/ASTRAL
4.	STONE WARE PIPES FOR INTERNAL UNDER GROUND DRAIN PIPE	GIRCO / TIRUMALA / SONIA
5.	RCC HUME PIPES EXTERNAL MAIN UNDER GROUND PIPE	INDIAN HUME PIPE / PRANALI
6.	M.S/G.I. PIPES FOR WATER SUPPLY	TATA / JINDAL/ SWASTIK
7.	ASTM/CPVC PIPE & FITTINGS FOR WATER SUPPLY	ASTRAL / SUPREME/ASHIRWAD / FINOLEX
8.	COMPOSITE PLUMBING PIPE & COMPOSITE FITTINGS	KITEC OR EQ
9.	G.I. PIPES FITTINGS WATER SUPPLY	DRP-M / R-BRAND / ZOLOTO
10.	GI TO GI JOINTS	CHAMPION / EQUIVALENT
11.	SOLVENT CEMENT	SUPREME / KISSAN / FINOLEX
12.	BALL VALVES	LEADER / ZOLOTO / AUDCO
13.	WHEEL VALVES	LEADER / ZOLOTO/AUDCO
14.	DCV / NRV	ZOLOTO/SPIREX/AUDCO
15.	TAR	SHALIBIND / TIKIBOND-BS
16.	SELF PRIMING SEWAGE PUMPS	HBD / GRUNDFOS
17.	VALVES	AUDCO/ZOLOTO / R.B. / KBL / KSB
18.	PUMPS	KIRLOSKAR / GRUNDFOSS/XYLEM
19.	STARTER	SIEMENS / L&T
20.	PRESSURE GAUGE	BELLS / H GURU
21.	BOTTLE TRAP & WASTE COUPLING	JAQUAR / HINDWARE/KOHLER
22.	DEWATERING PUMPS	GRUNDFOSS/KIRLOSKAR/ KSB
23.	HYDROPNEUMATIC SYSTEM	GRUNDFOSS OR EQUIVALENT
24.	EOT CRANE WITH HOIST	INDEF / ELECTROMECH / SAFEX / WH-BRADY / EQUIVALENT
25.	METALLIC BELLOWS	BELLOW FLEX / PRICISION / DHRUV / B.D.ENGR.
26.	ELECTRIC GEYSER	A-O SMITH/ RACOLD/SPHERHOT
27.	HOT WATER GENERATOR	THERMAX/A.O.SMITH / KEPL OR EQUIVALNET

No	Item	Approved Make
LT PANELS,LT CABLES SWITCHGEAR & ACCESSORIES		
1	ENCLOSURE MANUFACTURER	ACTIVE ENGINEERS, ELMEX, AD ENTERPRISE, ACCESS CONTROL PANELS.
2	MCB/ELCB/RCCB/ELMCB	LEGRAND, ABB,HAGER,SCHNEIDER,C&S, L&T,SEIMENS
3	MCCB/ACB	LEGRAND, ABB, SCHNEIDER,SIEMENS,L&T
4	DISTRIBUTION BOX	LEGRAND, ABB,HAGER,SCHNEIDER,C&S, L&T,SEIMENS
5	CHANGEOVER SWITCH	HH ELECON,L&T, ABB, HPL,C&S
6	CAPACITOR	L&T, EPCOS,CONZERV,DATAR,POWERMATRIX,ABB
7	PUSH BUTTON	SIEMENS,ABB,L&T,SCHNEIDER
8	INDICATING LIGHT	SIEMENS,ABB,L&T
9	TIMERS	L&T,SIEMENS,ABB,CONZERV
10	SELECTOR SWITCH	L&T,SEIMENS,KAYCEE
11	AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH	L&T,HPL,CUMMINS,HAVELLS
12	CTs	KAPPA,L&T,AREVA,MAXWELL
13	PTs	KAPPA,L&T,AREVA,MAXWELL
14	CONNECTORS	L&T, SCHINDER,SEIMENS,ABB
15	PROTECTION RELAY	AREVA,L&T,ABB,SEIMENS
16	ANALOG/DIGITAL METER/LOAD MANAGER/MFM	CONSERV,L&T,SCHNEIDER/ABB/HPL
17	IRON CLAD SWITCH WITH REWIREABLE FUSE/SFU	KEW, TRISHUL,SUPER,C&S
18	METALCLAD SWITCH WITH REWIREABLEFUSE/S FU	HAVELLS, KEW,C&S, INDOASIAN
19	MAIN LT CABLE	AVOCAB,FINOLEX,PRIMECAB,POLYCAB,DIAMONDPOWER,RRCABLE,HAVELLS
20	CABLE GLANDS	COMET, HMI, DOWELLS, SIEMENS,CROMPTON,HEX
21	CABLE LUGS	DOWELLS,JOHNSON,HEX
22	BUSDUCT	L&T,SCHNEIDER,C&S,SEIMENS,LEGRAND

INTERNAL WIRING, FIXTURES & ACCESSORIES		
1	RIGID FR PVC CONDUIT	NIHIR,PRECISION,POLYCAB,BEC, Power Flow
2	ACCESSORIES OF CONDUIT	NIHIR,PRECISION,POLYCAB,BEC
3	COPPER FLEXIBLE WIRES	AVOCAB,FINOLEX,POLYCAB,RRCABLE,HAVELLS ,Caliplast
4	TISSINO TYPE SWITCHES & SOCKETS	POINTER-TRUMP, SSK-TOPLINE PC, ANCHOR-PENTA CHEERY
5	MODULAR TYPE SWITCHES & SOCKETS	LEGRAND-MYRIUS, MK-WRAP ROUND, ANCHOR-WOODS,HAVELLS-CRABTREE-ATHENA
6	PVC TAPE	STEEL GRIP,ANCHOR
7	M.S. CONDUIT	BEC,AKG,STEEL CRAFT
8	LIGHT FIXTURES & LAMPS	OSRAM, XAL WIPRO, PHILIPHS, NIRVANA, GE, CG, , JAQUAR ,ENDO , TISVA ,LT
9	CEILING FAN & EXHAUST FAN	USHA,CG,ORIENT,HAVELLS
10	CALL BELL	ANCHOR/ORPAT/MAX
11	WATER COOLER	VOLTAS,USHA,BLUESTAR
12	GEYSER	RECOLD,HAVELLS,BAJAJ,SPHEREHOT
13	MOTOR PUMP SET	CROMPTON,AMRUT,KSB,UNEEL,KIRLOSKAR
CABLE TRAY, RACEWAY & ACCESSORIES		
1	CABLE TRAY	INDIANA,RUSHABH,PROFAB
2	ALUMINIUM FLOOR RACEWAY	MK OR APPROVED BY CONSULTANTS
3	GI FLOOR RACEWAY	MK OR APPROVED BY CONSULTANTS
4	PVC WALL RACEWAY	MK, PROFAB,LEGRAND
	UPS & INVERTER	
1	UPS	NUMERIC,EATON,APC, BPE
2	INVERTER	SUVIK,SUKAM,MEGATECH
3	SMF BATTERY	PANASONIC,EXIDE,GLOBAL (YUASA)
4	RACK	FABRICATED
STREETLIGHT POLES, FIXTURES & ACCESSORIES		
1	GI POLES	FABRICATED
2	MS POLES	FABRICATED
3	SMC PRESS MOULDED JUNCTION BOX	SYNTEX OR AS APPROVED BY CONSULTANTS
LIGHTNING PROTECTION & EARTHING SYSTEM		

1	AIR TERMINAL	MAP, LPI, INDESCO
2	SUPPORTING GAYED MAST	MAP, LPI, INDESCO
3	LIGHTNING STROKE RECORDER	MAP, LPI, INDESCO
4	COPPER BONDED ROD & CHEMICAL COMPOUND	MAP, LPI, INDESCO
5	ELECTROLYTIC/CHEMICAL EARTHING KIT	GRESLO, GALAXY EARTHING

ELV SYSTEM & ACCESSORIES		
1	FIRE ALARM PANEL & DISPLAY PANEL	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
2	REPEATER PANEL	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
3	ADDRESSABLE & CONVENTIONAL SMOKEDETECTORS	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
4	INTELLIGENT SMOKE & HEAT DETECTORS	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
5	ADDRESSABLE & CONVENTIONAL HEAT DETECTORS	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
6	ADDRESSABLE & CONVENTIONAL BEAMDETECTORS	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
7	FAULT ISOLATOR	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
8	RESPONSE INDICATOR	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
9	MANUAL CALL POINT	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
10	ADDRESSABLE HOOTER	ESSER, EDWARD, NOTIFIER, SIEMENS, GST
11	FIRE CABLE	RRCABLE, FINOLEX,DELTON,POLYCAB, AVOCAB ,Caliplast
12	RJ-45 SOCKET OUTLET (COMPUTER & TELEPHONE)	LEGRAND-MYRIUS, MK-WRAP ROUND, ANCHOR-WOODS, HAVELLS-CRABTREE- ATHENA, PLEXONICS, AECONNECT
13	RJ-11 TELEPHONE SOCKET	LEGRAND-MYRIUS, MK-WRAP ROUND, ANCHOR-WOODS,HAVELLS-CRABTREE- ATHENA, PLEXONICS
14	CAT-6 CABLE	TYCO ELE(AMP), SCHINDER ELE.(DIGILINK), R&M,SYSTIMAX,MOLEX, PLEXONICS, AECONNECT
15	CAT-6E CABLE	TYCO ELE(AMP), SCHINDER ELE.(DIGILINK), R&M,SYSTIMAX,MOLEX, PLEXONICS, AECONNECT
16	TELEPHONE TAG BOX	KRONE
17	TELEPHONE PAIR WIRE	RRCABLE, FINOLEX,DELTON,POLYCAB
18	NETWORK SWITCH	CISCO,HP, PLEXONICS, , D LINK, AECONNECT, NETGEAR

19	ETHERNET SWITCH	CISCO,HP, PLEXONICS , D LINK , , AECONNECT, NETGEAR
20	PATCH CORDS	CISCO,HP, PLEXONICS , D LINK , , AECONNECT, NETGEAR
21	U RACKS	VERO PRESIDENT,VALRACK,SPIDER OR APPROVED BYCONSULTANTS, AECONNECT
22	PUSH BUTTON PHONE	PANASONIC,BEETEL,SONY OR APPROVED BY CONSULTANTS,PRAMODA
23	PROGRAM PHONE	PANASONIC,BEETEL,SONY OR APPROVED BY ONSULTANTS,MATRIX
24	AMPLIFIER (POWER & BOOSTER)	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH,AVTRON
25	AUDIO MIXER	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, AVTRON
26	CD/DVD/FM PLAYER	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, SONY, AVTRON
27	MICROPHONE	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, AVTRON
28	MULTIPLEXER	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, AVTRON
29	CEILING AND WALL SPEAKER	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, AVTRON
30	GOOSENECK MIC	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, AVTRON
31	WIRELESS MIC	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH, BEYERDYNAMIC
32	STAND MIC	JBL, AUDIOQUEST,BOSCH
33	SPEAKER CABLE	RRCABLE, FINOLEX,DELTON,POLYCAB,CALIPLAST
34	2 MP HD IR VERIFOCAI CAMERA	AVTRON,HONEYWELL,SONY, SCHNEIDER (PELCO), HIKVISION,CPPLUS
35	2 MP FIX DOME CAMERA	AVTRON,HONEYWELL,SONY, SCHNEIDER (PELCO), HIKVISION,CPPLUS
36	DOME CAMERA	AVTRON,HONEYWELL,SONY, SCHNEIDER (PELCO), HIKVISION, CPPLUS
37	DIGITAL VIDEO RECORDER	AVTRON,HONEYWELL,SONY, SCHNEIDER (PELCO), HIKVISION,CPPLUS
38	NETWORK VIDEO RECORDER	AVTRON,HONEYWELL,SONY, SCHNEIDER (PELCO), HIKVISION, CPPLUS
39	LED/LCD DISPLAY UNIT	SONY, SAMSUNG,PANASONIC,LG

Sr. No.	Description	Make
1	VRF	DAIKIN, O GENERAL, HITACHI, MITSUBISHI, BLUESTAR / TOSHIBA
2	Treated Fresh Air Unit	Zeco / Citizen / Ethos
3	Dx Type Condensing Unit	DAIKIN, O GENERAL, HITACHI, MITSUBISHI, BLUESTAR / TOSHIBA
4	Ventilation Fan	Kruger/Nicotra/System Air
5	Grills/ Jet Nozzel	Caryaire /System Air /Ruskin Titus
6	Nitrile Insulation	K Flex/ Armacell /Areoflex
7	Copper pipes	Maxflow / Mandev
8	Drain Pipe	Prince/Finolex/ Astral
9	GI Sheet	Jindal/Tata
10	Electrical Cables	Polycab/Finolex Eq Approve

Only above said material is to be used as per Schedule “B”

Notes:

The consultant / Nagarpalika reserves the right to select the manufacturers or approved make from the above list and also to make changes (add or delete names of other makes) in this list during the execution of the contract,

Tenderers should quote rates of various items considering supply/ use of first preference make of material selected by him. Second preference make material would be accepted by the consultant if they are satisfied that first preference make

material cannot be supplied/ used by Tenderers due to any specific reasons. However, the final decision for accepting second preference makes or accepting only first preference would be that of the consultant.

Note:

All the material/ makes listed above and other than as specified above shall be used after obtaining prior approval from the architect/ Eng. in charge equivalent material listed in complete tender document should only be used in case the specified material or not available the equivalent material should be used after obtaining prior approval from the architect/Eng-in-charge. Any extra item has to be approved in advance and then execute the same else university will not be liable for payment of such item. If any items are not included in the tender and need to do on site then contractor has to give RA (rate analysis) for the same.

TENDERER'S SEAL AND SIGNATURE.